### Use the sources on page 1 to answer following questions 1 - 3:

- 1. According to Source I Parliament is structured in such a way that
  - A. members of the Legislative branch may also be members of the Executive \*
  - B. members of the Senate are elected by members of the House of Commons
  - C. the Queen appoints members of the Executive Branch
  - D. all members of the House of Commons share the task of governing
- 2. Source I provides evidence that best supports the conclusion
  - A. Members of Parliament must obey the Prime Minister
  - B. Backbenchers have little influence in the House of Commons
  - C. The Governor General has the responsibility of choosing judges
  - D. Senators are not directly accountable to the electorate \*
- 3. The Legislative Process described in Source II was most likely designed
  - A. to allow government to respond quickly to emergent issues
  - B. to promote careful consideration of proposed legislation \*
  - C. to give majority government control over national affairs
  - D. to provide the monarchy ultimate control over Parliament

## Use the sources on page 2 to answer questions 4 - 6:

- 4. According to the information in Source I, representation in the House of Commons and the Senate differ most significantly in that
  - A. population change does not affect representation in the Senate \*
  - B. representatives are less effective in the Senate than the House of Commons
  - C. Ontario and Quebec are over-represented in the House of Commons
  - D. western provinces are better represented in the Senate than the Commons
- 5. The evidence provided by the author of Source II confirms that
  - A. support for Senate reform is strong among all Canadians
  - B. only Western Premiers have attempted to reform the Senate
  - C. both Federal and Provincial leaders have called for Senate reform \*
  - D. Canadians support an elected and equal Senate
- 6. According to Source II, the most likely obstacle to Senate reform is
  - A. lack of a clear plan for how the Senate should be reformed
  - B. lack of agreement on how the Senate should be reformed \*
  - C. failure of Members of Parliament to convince Senators to reform
  - D. Senators failing to support efforts to reform the House

#### Use the sources on page 3 to answer questions 7 - 10:

- 7. Based on the information in Source I, the most probable result of the federal election in 2008 was
  - A. a Liberal and NDP coalition government
  - B. a Conservative minority government \*
  - C. a BQ and Conservative coalition government
  - D. a Conservative majority government
- 8. From the perspective of the author of Source II, the electoral system in Canada
  - A. fails to produce results that accurately reflect the will of the people \*
  - B. is unresponsive to the interests of environmentalists
  - C. creates unwarranted competition and conflict between political parties
  - D. should reward parties that win the highest percentage of the vote
- 9. For supporters of democratic systems of government, the greatest concern stemming from the election of 2008 would most likely be
  - A. the failure of the Green Party to win a seat in Parliament
  - B. the low voter turnout of 59.1% \*
  - C. the Conservative Party's failure to win a Parliamentary majority
  - D. the large number of seats won by the separatist BQ
- 10. The most persuasive argument in Source II against Canada's "first past the post" electoral system uses evidence based on
  - A. the huge cost for taxpayers that resulted from running the election
  - B. the bitter regional divisions that resulted from having the election
  - C. a contrast of Conservative seats won and Conservative votes registered
  - D. the difference in electoral results of the Green and Conservative Parties \*

### Use the sources on page 4 to answer questions 11 - 13:

- 11. The values most closely related to the position of the author in Source I include
  - A. obedience, discipline and loyalty
  - B. loyalty, freedom, privilege
  - C. freedom, fairness, responsibility \*
  - D. bias, tolerance, conformity
- 12. Source II can best be described as
  - A. an example of the role of the press to interpret the news
  - B. an illustration of "balanced reporting" of significant issues
  - C. an example of press diversity promoting democratic citizenship
  - D. an illustration of "one-sided" reporting of significant issues \*
- 13. The relationship among the sources can best be understood as
  - A. Source II and Source III support the objectives of the author of Source I
  - B. Source I and Source III most closely support democratic citizenship \*
  - C. Sources II and III are both examples of a vibrant, competitive free press
  - D. Source II is not clearly related to the concerns expressed in Source I

# Use the sources on page 5 to answer questions 14 - 15:

- 14. The questions in Source I could best be used to determine
  - A. public policy regarding sensitive social issues
  - B. whether government should intervene in public affairs
  - C. whether someone is likely a Republican or Democrat \*
  - D. the actions of truly democratic governments
- 15. In terms of political parties, the ingredients in the packages in Source II could best be described as
  - A. the electorate
  - B. the candidates
  - C. the political process
  - D. the party platform \*

### Use the sources on page 6 to answer questions 16 - 18:

- 16. The case described in Source II was most likely based on an interpretation of
  - A. Equality Rights described in the Charter of Rights and Freedoms
  - B. Fundamental Freedoms described in the Charter of Rights and Freedoms
  - C. Democratic Rights described in the Charter of Rights and Freedoms
  - D. Legal Rights described in the Charter of Rights and Freedoms \*
- 17. The position of the author in Source III best supports
  - A. the position of the Judge in Source I
  - B. the position of the defendant in Source II \*
  - C. the position of the prosecution in Source II
  - D. the position that all laws are just in a democracy
- 18. Taken together, the sources most clearly identify
  - A. the sanctity of law and the courts in democratic society
  - B. the importance of interpreting the law in the interests of society \*
  - C. the importance of making good laws
  - D. the reluctance of judges to punish criminals

#### Use the sources on page 7 to answer questions 19 - 23:

- 19. Phil Fontaine, the author of Source I, believes that collective rights are essential
  - A. for promoting the culture of indigenous groups
  - B. to protect aboriginal identity, culture and lands \*
  - C. to diminish the impact of the Human Rights Act
  - D. for indigenous peoples to enjoy equal rights
- 20. Phil Fontaine's position in Source I has most likely been shaped by
  - A. provisions for human rights in the Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms
  - B. policies of the federal government in response to its obligations
  - C. perspectives of the First Nations on the Numbered Treaties \*
  - D. plans of the aboriginal peoples to establish an independent homeland
- 21. From an analysis of Source II in its historical context, it could be argued that residential schools were
  - A. the product of an ethnocentric government policy \*
  - B. established to preserve native cultural heritage
  - C. needed to develop literacy skills in native children
  - D. necessary for the preservation of aboriginal culture
- 22. The evidence in Source III can best be used to support the conclusion that
  - A. residential schools provided a safe and caring environment
  - B. residential schools promoted cultural assimilation \*
  - C. residential schools offered better living conditions to native children
  - D. residential schools created complex problems for society
- 23. Sources II and III provide a historical context that can best be used to
  - A. understand the significance of information in Sources I & IV \*
  - B. support the conclusion that history repeats itself
  - C. investigate the importance of educational programs to cultural minorities
  - D. develop an appreciation of 18<sup>th</sup> Century aboriginal culture

### Use the sources on page 8 to answer questions 22 - 24:

- 24. The concerns with language expressed in both sources are most likely the result of the fact that
  - A. Canadians have been reluctant to accept more than one official language
  - B. Canada's linguistic majorities are geographically defined \*
  - C. English is the language of the majority of Canadians
  - D. there is no support for second languages in Canada
- 25. In terms of cultural preservation, both sources are examples of
  - A. privately funded organization to promote cultural autonomy
  - B. the inclusion of language classes in public schools
  - C. the protection of minority language rights under Section 23 of the Charter \*
  - D. the cultural rights of minorities established under the Manitoba Schools Act

#### Use the sources on page 9 to answer questions 26 - 30:

- 26. The irony in Source I the cartoon, is a result of
  - A. the Aboriginal reminding the speaker that he too is an immigrant \*
  - B. we don't know who is being told to go back to where they came from
  - C. the Aboriginal is being told to go back to where he came from
  - D. the fact that all immigrants come from somewhere else
- 27. The perspective of the speaker in Source I could best be challenged by information from the other sources suggesting that
  - A. two-thirds of Canada's population growth comes from immigration
  - B. Canada has lots of room for more immigrants
  - C. Canada's economy benefits from immigration \*
  - D. immigrants work harder than most Canadian citizens
- 28. Information from the article on Canada's Growth Source II could best be used to support the following conclusion
  - A. Immigration rates in Canada have been increasing yearly
  - B. The population in Quebec is not growing at the rate of other provinces \*
  - C. Canada's population is growing faster than any other country
  - D. Most immigrants are not prepared to learn the French language
- 29. Which of the following excerpts from Source III is a statement of opinion rather than fact?
  - A. Quebecers need to boost their birth rate \*
  - B. Canada's net migration, per capita, is among the highest in the world
  - C. Canada's net migration put it at the head of the international pack
  - D. Quebec's growth was not enough to keep up with the national average
- 30. It can be inferred from information in Source III, that "the desire to have immigrants conform" most likely stems from
  - A. distrust of foreign immigrants
  - B. decreasing ethnic birth rates
  - C. increasing levels of immigration
  - D. fear of losing cultural identity \*

#### Use the sources on page 10 to answer questions 31 - 35:

- 31. In Source I, the free market principle that President Bush was most likely prepared to sacrifice is
  - A. the principle of supply and demand
  - B. the importance of competition among producers
  - C. limits on the role of government in free markets \*
  - D. private ownership of businesses
- 32. From the perspective of a supporter of the free market system, the "plunge in the markets" reported in Source II
  - A. would likely be followed by even steeper declines
  - B. is a natural part of the economic cycle \*
  - C. calls for immediate government action
  - D. rewards high-risk investors
- 33. The position of *The Washington Times* in Source Illcan best be understood as being
  - A. in support of the economic actions of President Bush
  - B. supported by evidence from the plunge in free markets
  - C. at odds with President Bush's proposal \*
  - D. an unsupported personal opinion
- 34. The articles in Source I *The Economic Times* and Source II *The Washington Times* best represent
  - A. different perspectives on economic issues \*
  - B. unbiased proposals for economic action
  - C. unpopular opinions about market economies
  - D. ideas that only apply to the American economy
- 35. Taken together, the sources best raise the issue
  - A. To what extent are businesses in need of government support?
  - B. To what extent should governments solve economic problems?
  - C. Should free market systems be abandoned?
  - D. Should governments intervene in a market economy? \*

### Use the sources on page 11 to answer questions 36 - 41:

- 36. The action in Source I is most important in deciding
  - A. what to produce in a market economy \*
  - B. where to produce goods in a mixed economy
  - C. how to produce goods in a market economy
  - D. who should control the economic system
- 37. The economic organization described in Source II would most likely be
  - A. supported by advocates of a free market economy
  - B. opposed by advocates of a free market economy \*
  - C. characteristic of a free market economy
  - D. characteristic of a planned economy
- 38. The values most clearly represented in Source II include
  - A. personal freedom and equity \*
  - B. creativity and independence
  - C. service and loyalty
  - D. cooperation and conformity
- 39. When comparing the information in Source I with Source II
  - A. Source II represents a "shift to the right" on the economic continuum
  - B. Source I represents a "shift to the left" on the economic continuum
  - C. Source II represents a "shift to the left" on the economic continuum \*
  - D. Sources I and II represent the centre of the economic continuum
- 40. Taken together, the sources most clearly examine the problem
  - A. How should goods be produced?
  - B. What's the best way to achieve the public good? \*
  - C. Does government do a good job of managing the economy?
  - D. Can consumers control production?
- 41. The sources are in most disagreement over
  - A. questions of supply and demand
  - B. the impact consumers have on the economy
  - C. the role of government in the economy \*
  - D. what should be produced in an economy

#### Use the sources on page 12 to answer questions 42 - 46:

- 42. From the perspective of the cartoonist in Source I
  - A. Canada is unlikely to influence American economic policy \*
  - B. Canada should be exporting more goods to the United States
  - C. America is likely to take-over Canadian resources
  - D. America has a strong economic relationship with most countries
- 43. The irony in Source I is a consequence of
  - A. the contradiction between what is being promoted and what is being worn \*
  - B. the contradiction between the American and Canadian economic positions
  - C. the inference that Americans don't purchase Canadian products
  - D. the inference that Canadians don't purchase American products
- 44. Information in Source II could best be used to illustrate
  - A. the significance of natural symbols in Canadian culture
  - B. the importance of safeguarding national symbols
  - C. the impact of economic forces on cultural heritage
  - D. the relationship between market forces and collective identity \*
- 45. Taken together, the sources best raise the issue
  - A. To what extent do consumer actions reflect economic development?
  - B. To what extent do economies depend on domestic industrial development?
  - C. To what extent should Canadians support free trade with America?
  - D. To what extent do consumer actions reflect individual and collective identity? \*
- 46. Based on information from the sources, a student investigating the impact of marketing on consumerism would most likely conclude
  - A. there is no evidence to suggest that consumers are influenced by advertising
  - B. consumer purchases are strongly linked to where the products were made
  - C. marketing strategies that target images of identity have been successful \*
  - D. promotions to "buy American" or "buy Canadian" are unlikely to succeed

### Use the sources on page 13 to answer questions 47 - 50:

- 47. Information in Source I could best be used to support the conclusion that
  - A. Free markets provide a sense of security for all citizens
  - B. Homeless people lack ambition and skill
  - C. Quality of life cannot be measured by possessions alone \*
  - D. Wealthy citizens need to protect their belongings from the homeless
- 48. From the perspective of a supporter of free market economies, Source II
  - A. shows the negative consequences of private enterprise
  - B. provides evidence of successful marketing \*
  - C. illustrates the negative impact of bankruptcy
  - D. demonstrates the shortfalls of overproduction
- 49. The question raised in Source III most clearly contrasts
  - A. Consumerism and Production
  - B. Marketing and Consumption
  - C. Social status and Life Style
  - D. Life Style and Quality of Life \*
- 50. Taken together, the sources
  - A. examine the impact of marketing on consumerism
  - B. explore the relationship between consumerism and quality of life \*
  - C. identify the problems of a free market economy
  - D. question the need for government intervention in the economy